



ForeScout[®] Extended Module for FireEye[®] NX

Configuration Guide

Version 2.1

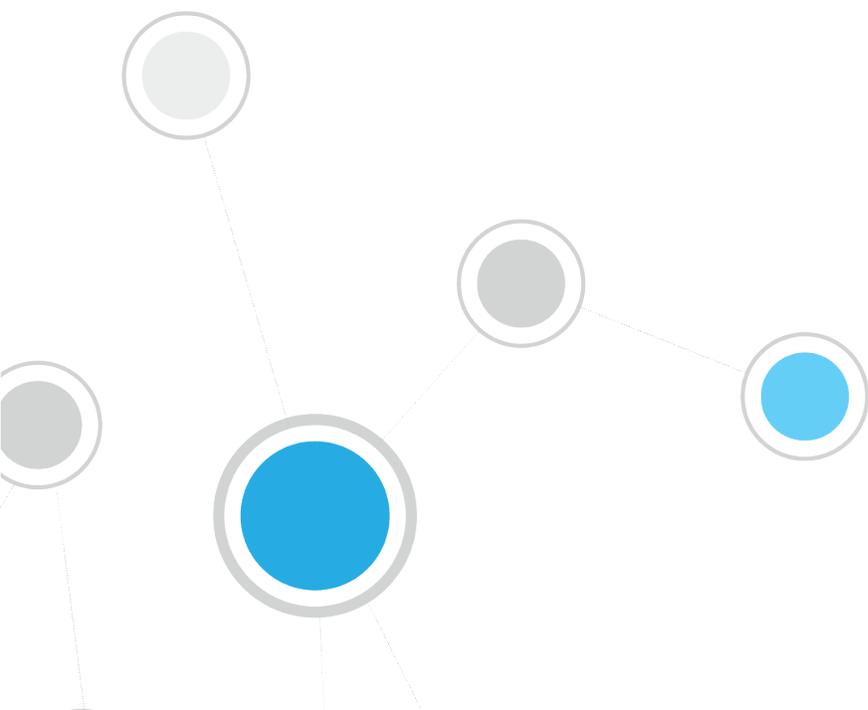


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About the FireEye NX Integration

ForeScout CounterACT® integrates with the FireEye NX Module to help help corporate security teams simplify the process of identifying, analyzing and blocking advanced cyber-attacks that threaten network security. This integration combines the threat detection mechanisms of FireEye NX with the network visibility and compliance enforcement capabilities of CounterACT to multiply the benefits of working with an Advanced Threat Detection (ATD) product.

The FireEye NX Module enables ForeScout CounterACT and FireEye NX to work together to quickly detect advanced threats and indicators of compromise (IOCs), contain infected endpoints, and disrupt the cyber kill chain preventing further lateral threat propagation and data exfiltration. The core of the FireEye NX platform is a virtual execution engine, complemented by dynamic threat intelligence that allows the security team to prevent, detect, analyze and respond to today's advanced attacks.

Use Cases

This section describes important use cases supported by this module. To understand how this module helps you achieve these goals, see [About This Module](#).

- Receive alerts from FireEye NX of threats detected and immediately perform restrictive actions on the endpoints on which they were detected.
- Scan all Windows endpoints for IOCs reported to CounterACT by FireEye NX in order to identify potential threats and perform actions on potentially infected endpoints. For example, use CounterACT policies to run policy actions that immediately:
 - Contain infected endpoints, for example limit or block network access. This prevents lateral movement of the infection to other endpoints.
 - Remediate infected endpoints, for example by killing suspicious processes.
 - Notify stakeholders by, for example, sending an email to corporate security teams with details about which threats were detected on which endpoints.

For more detailed information about this use case, refer to the section about use cases in the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide*.

Additional FireEye NX Documentation

Refer to FireEye NX online documentation for more information about the FireEye NX solution:

- NX Series Threat Management Guide
- NX Series System Administration Guide

<https://www.fireeye.com/products/nx-network-security-products.html>

About This Module

This module, together with the IOC Scanner Module, lets you integrate CounterACT with FireEye NX series so that you can:

- Use the [FireEye NX Threat Detection Policy Template](#) to create policies that immediately run actions, such as restrictive actions, on endpoints on which FireEye NX detected a Critical or High severity threat.
- [Create Custom FireEye NX Policies](#) that use [FireEye NX – Policy Properties](#) alongside bundled CounterACT properties and actions to deal with issues not covered in the FireEye NX Threat Detection policy template.
- View new threats reported by FireEye NX and automatically added to the IOC repository. The repository is a viewable table of all threats received from the FireEye NX Module, and is available in the IOC Scanner Module. Refer to the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide* for more information.

The screenshot shows the 'IOC Scanner' interface. At the top, it states: 'The IOC Scanner Plugin automatically collects threats and their indicators of compromise (IOCs) reported by installed plugins.' Below this, there are tabs for 'IOC Repository' and 'Threat Exceptions'. A description reads: 'Manage the centralized IOC repository of threats that were reported to CounterACT by Advanced Threat Detection (ATD) systems or that were added manually.' There is a search bar with a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar is a table with the following columns: Date Reported, Reported By, Threat Name, File Name, File Size (bytes), File Hash, Hash Type, Threat Severity, and Operating System. The table contains six rows of threat data. To the right of the table are buttons for 'Add', 'Edit', 'Remove', and 'IOCs'. At the bottom of the table area, it says '6 items (0 selected)'. Below the table is a filter section: 'Threats of Medium severity and lower are automatically deleted 14 days after being reported. All threats are automatically deleted 30 days after being reported.' At the bottom right of the interface are 'Apply' and 'Undo' buttons.

Date Reported	Reported By	Threat Name	File Name	File Size (bytes)	File Hash	Hash Type	Threat Severity	Operating System
7/2/17 11:01:20 AM	FireEye NX	Trojan Kelhos	newbos2.exe	767,488	44d00bc29bd0b6ca	MD5	High	Windows
7/2/17 11:05:11 AM	FireEye NX	Trojan Kelhos	newbos2.exe	767,488	44d00bc29bd0b6ca	MD5	High	Windows
7/2/17 11:07:00 AM	FireEye NX	Malaware.archive	newbos2.exe.zip	1	44d00bc29bd0b6ca	MD5	High	Windows
7/2/17 11:08:00 AM	FireEye NX	Virus Parite.MVX	nc-15-49.exe	176,128	44d00bc29bd0b6ca	MD5	High	Windows
7/2/17 11:09:24 AM	FireEye NX	Virus Parite.MVX	nc-15-49.exe	176,128	44d00bc29bd0b6ca	MD5	High	Windows
7/2/17 12:27:14 PM	FireEye NX	Test.Backdoor	bad.txt	1	abc	-None-	Critical	Windows

- Use the *Scan and Remediate Known IOCs* action to scan potentially compromised Windows endpoints for the same indicators of compromise (IOCs) reported by the FireEye NX Module to the IOC repository. For example, you can use the action to:
 - Scan all, or a subset of, Windows endpoints for IOCs used during a threat infection phase.
 - Trigger a threat remediation action to kill initiated processes.

This action is provided by the IOC Scanner Module. Refer to the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide* for more information.

- Create policies that detect and remediate all Windows endpoints on which CounterACT detected specific IOCs reported by the FireEye NX Module. CounterACT provides *Advanced Threat Detection* properties and policy templates to help you work with the IOCs in the IOC repository.

Refer to the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide* for more information.

- Use CounterACT Asset Inventory tools to display all threats reported by FireEye NX and the endpoints for which FireEye NX reported them. For example, identify multiple endpoints detected with the same threat and analyze any shared endpoint characteristics that may be useful for determining how to handle the endpoints.

About Support for Dual Stack Environments

CounterACT version 8.0 detects endpoints and interacts with network devices based on both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. However, **IPv6 addresses are not yet supported by this component**. The functionality described in this document is based only on IPv4 addresses. IPv6-only endpoints are typically ignored or not detected by the properties, actions, and policies provided by this component.

To use the module, you should have a solid understanding of FireEye NX concepts, functionality and terminology, and understand how CounterACT policies and other basic features work.

How It Works

When a threat is detected, the FireEye NX server sends an alert with the threat details to a pre-defined receiving CounterACT device. The alert includes:

- source/destination IP address
- timestamp of the event
- threat name, file name, severity and hash
- IOC details identified throughout the lifecycle of the threat on different operating systems (according to how FireEye NX is configured in your environment), such as:
 - Process Names
If the reported malicious process indication is an .exe file, the filename is stored in the IOC repository as both a *Process* IOC and a *File Exists* IOC. If the malicious process indication is a loaded .dll file, the filename is stored as a *File Exists* IOC only. CounterACT detects .dll or .exe Portable Executable file types only.
 - File Names
 - Registry Keys and Values
 - Service Names
 - Mutex Names
 - DNS Queries
 - Command and Control (CnC) URLs

CounterACT adds the data to its IOC repository, and resolves the data as CounterACT properties associated with the endpoint on which the threat was discovered, as well as properties on other Windows endpoints. These properties can be used to trigger policy actions.

The IOC repository includes all the IOCs identified by Advanced Threat Detection systems throughout a threat's lifecycle. CounterACT can use this information to detect the same threat on other endpoints. For example, CounterACT can scan endpoints not monitored by FireEye NX, detect IOCs used during a threat infection phase, and trigger a threat remediation action.

Refer to the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide* for details.

What to Do

You must perform the following to work with this module:

1. Verify that you have met system requirements. See [Requirements](#).
2. [Install the Module](#).
3. [Configure the Module](#).
4. [Configure the CounterACT Syslog Module](#).
5. [Configure FireEye NX](#).
6. [Run the FireEye NX Policy Template](#) (optional).
7. [Create Custom FireEye NX Policies](#) (optional).

Requirements

This section describes system requirements, including:

- [CounterACT Software Requirements](#)
- [ForeScout Extended Module License Requirements](#)
- [FireEye NX Requirements](#)

CounterACT continuously supports newly released FireEye NX versions. Refer to the Release Notes for the most updated list:

<https://updates.forescout.com/support/files/plugins/fireeye/2.0.0/2.0.0-20000062/RN.pdf>

CounterACT Software Requirements

The module requires the following CounterACT releases and other CounterACT components:

- CounterACT version 8.0
- A module license for the FireEye NX Module
- An active Maintenance Contract for the licensed module is required
- Core Extensions Module version 1,0 or above with the following components:
 - Syslog Plugin
 - IOC Scanner Plugin

- DNS Query Extension Plugin

ForeScout Extended Module License Requirements

This ForeScout Extended Module requires a valid license. Licensing requirements differ based on which licensing mode your deployment is operating in:

- [Per-Appliance Licensing Mode](#)
- [Centralized Licensing Mode](#)

Identifying Your Licensing Mode in the Console

If your Enterprise Manager has a *ForeScout CounterACT See* license listed in the Console, your deployment is operating in Centralized Licensing Mode. If not, your deployment is operating in Per-Appliance Licensing Mode.

Select **Options > Licenses** to see whether you have a *ForeScout CounterACT See* license listed in the table.

Name	Status	Type
ForeScout CounterACT See	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual
ForeScout CounterACT Control	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual
ForeScout CounterACT Resiliency	Valid	Perpetual
ForeScout Extended Module for Check Point Next...	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual

Contact your ForeScout representative if you have any questions about identifying your licensing mode.

Per-Appliance Licensing Mode

When installing the module you are provided with a 90-day demo module license.

If you would like to continue exploring the module before purchasing a permanent license, you can request a demo license extension. Consult with your ForeScout representative before requesting the extension. You will receive email notification and alerts at the Console before the demo period expires.

When the demo period expires, you will be required to purchase a permanent module license. *In order to continue working with the module, you must purchase the license.*

Demo license extension requests and permanent license requests are made from the CounterACT Console.

- 📄 *This module may have been previously packaged as a component of an Integration Module which contained additional modules. If you already installed this module as a component of an Integration Module, you can continue to use it as such. Refer to the section about module packaging in the CounterACT Administration Guide for more information.*

Requesting a License

When requesting a demo license extension or permanent license, you are asked to provide the device *capacity* requirements. This is the number of devices that you want this license to handle. You must define at least the number of devices currently detected by CounterACT. You can request a license that handles more to ensure that you are licensed for support on additional devices as your deployment grows.

Enter this number in the **Devices** pane of the Module License Request wizard, in the CounterACT, Console Modules pane.



To view the number of currently detected devices:

1. Select the **Home** tab.
2. In the Views pane, select the **All Hosts** folder. The number in parentheses displayed next to the **All Hosts** folder is the number of devices currently detected.



Centralized Licensing Mode

When you set up your CounterACT deployment, you must activate a license file containing valid licenses for each feature you want to work with in your deployment, including Extended Modules. After the initial license file has been activated, you can update the file to add additional Extended Module licenses or change endpoint

capacity for existing Extended Modules. For more information on obtaining Extended Module licenses, contact your ForeScout representative.

 *No demo license is automatically installed during system installation.*

License entitlements are managed in the [ForeScout Customer Portal](#). After an entitlement has been allocated to a deployment, you can activate or update the relevant licenses for the deployment in the Console.

Each Extended Module license has an associated capacity, indicating the number of endpoints the license can handle. The capacity of each Extended Module license varies by module, but does not exceed the capacity of the *See* license.

 *Integration Modules, which package together groups of related licensed modules, are not supported when operating in Centralized Licensing Mode. Only Extended Modules, packaging individual licensed modules are supported. The Open Integration Module is an Extended Module even though it packages more than one module.*

More License Information

Refer to the *CounterACT Administration Guide* for information on Extended Module licenses. You can also contact your ForeScout representative or license@forescout.com for more information.

FireEye NX Requirements

The module requires the following FireEye NX components:

- FireEye Network Security (NX) Series version 7.5.3 through 8.1
- Admin or Operator access to the NX Series appliance

Install the Module

This section describes how to install the module. Before you install this module, first install the IOC Scanner Plugin, delivered with the Core Extensions Module.

To install the module:

1. Navigate to one of the following ForeScout download portals, depending on the licensing mode your deployment is using:
 - [Product Updates Portal](#) - **Per-Appliance Licensing Mode**
 - [Customer Portal, Downloads Page](#) - **Centralized Licensing Mode**

To find out which licensing mode your deployment is working with, see [Identifying Your Licensing Mode in the Console](#).

2. Download the module `.fpi` file.
3. Save the file to the machine where the CounterACT Console is installed.

4. Log into the CounterACT Console and select **Options** from the **Tools** menu.
5. Select **Modules**. The Modules pane opens.
6. Select **Install**. The Open dialog box opens.
7. Browse to and select the saved module **.fpi** file.
8. Select **Install**. The Installation screen opens.
9. Select **I agree to the License Agreement** to confirm that you have read and agree to the terms of the License Agreement, and select **Install**. The installation will not proceed if you do not agree to the license agreement.

 *The installation will begin immediately after selecting Install, and cannot be interrupted or canceled.*

 *In modules that contain more than one component, the installation proceeds automatically one component at a time.*

10. When the installation completes, select **Close** to close the window. The installed module is displayed in the Modules pane.

 *Some components are not automatically started following installation.*

Identifying Your Licensing Mode in the Console

If your Enterprise Manager has a *ForeScout CounterACT See* license listed in the Console, your deployment is operating in Centralized Licensing Mode. If not, your deployment is operating in Per-Appliance Licensing Mode.

Select **Options > Licenses** to see whether you have a *ForeScout CounterACT See* license listed in the table.



Name ^	Status	Type
ForeScout CounterACT See	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual
ForeScout CounterACT Control	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual
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ForeScout Extended Module for Check Point Next...	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual

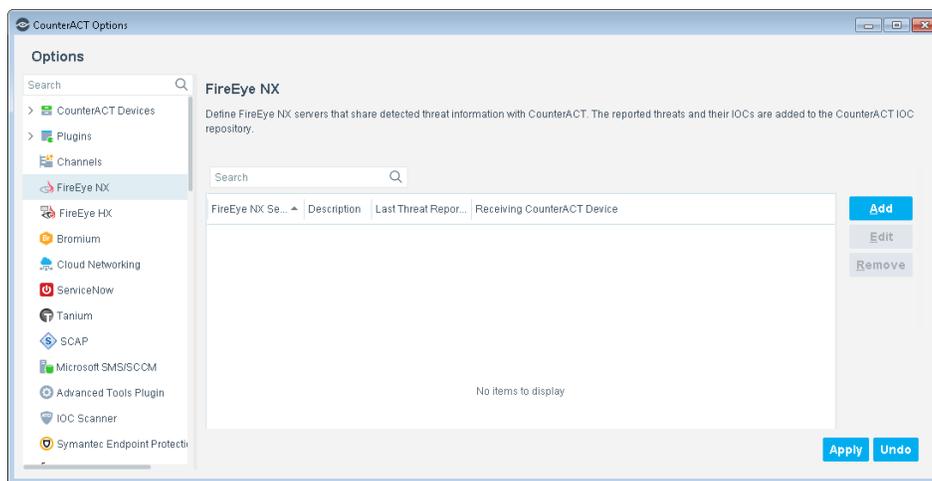
Contact your ForeScout representative if you have any questions about identifying your licensing mode.

Configure the Module

Configure the module to ensure that CounterACT can communicate with the FireEye NX service.

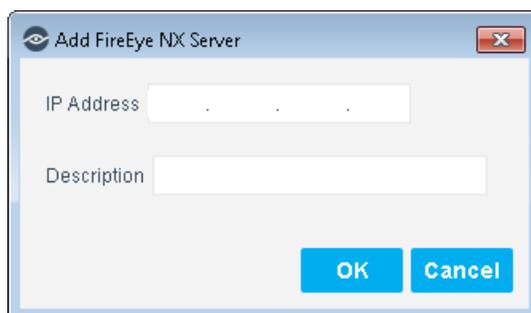
To configure the module:

1. In the CounterACT Console, select **Options** from the **Tools** menu. The Options dialog box opens.
2. Navigate to and select the **Modules** folder.
3. In the **Modules** pane, select **FireEye NX**, and select **Configure**. The FireEye NX pane opens.



4. Select **Add** to define a FireEye NX server to communicate with CounterACT. The Add FireEye NX Server dialog box opens.

 *FireEye EX series servers need to be configured separately in the CounterACT FireEye EX Module.*

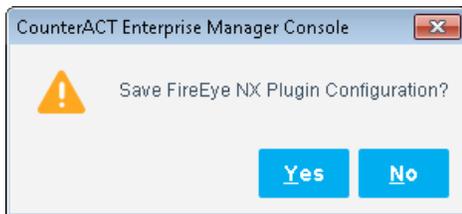


5. Enter the following information:
 - **IP Address.** The IP address of the FireEye NX server configured to send rsyslog notifications to CounterACT. See [Configure FireEye NX](#) for details.
 - **Description.** A textual description of the FireEye NX server.

6. Select **OK**. An entry for the FireEye NX server is added to the list in the FireEye NX pane.

There are two additional display-only fields in the FireEye NX pane:

- **Last Threat Report Time**. Indicates the latest date and time when CounterACT received a threat notification from the listed FireEye NX server.
 - **Receiving CounterACT Device**. The IP address of the CounterACT device that received the latest threat notification from the listed FireEye NX server. Receiving CounterACT devices must be defined to FireEye as rsyslog servers. See [Configure FireEye NX](#) for details.
7. In the FireEye NX pane, select **Apply**. A CounterACT Enterprise Manager Console dialog box opens.



8. Select **Yes** to save the module configuration.

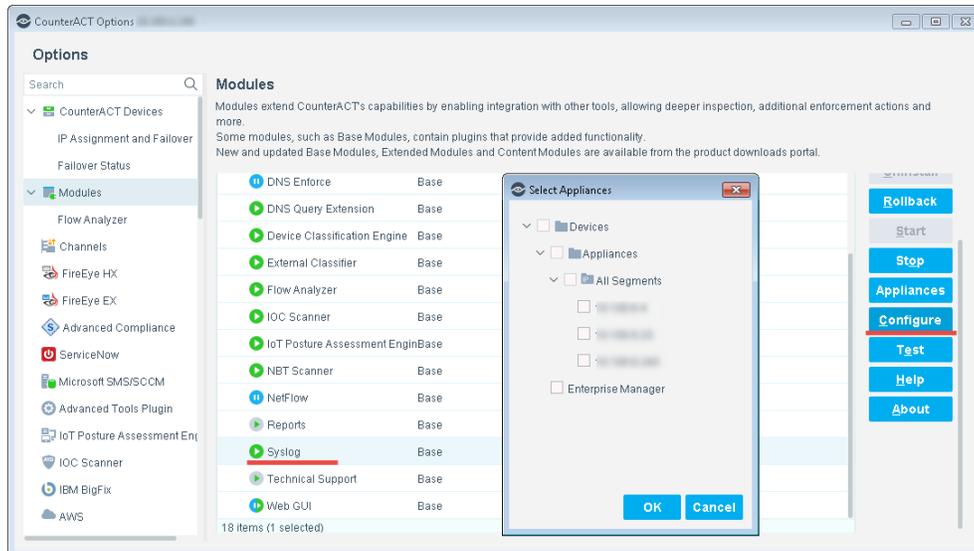
Configure the CounterACT Syslog Module

Configure the CounterACT Syslog Module to enable the receiving CounterACT device to connect to the FireEye NX server and receive notifications.

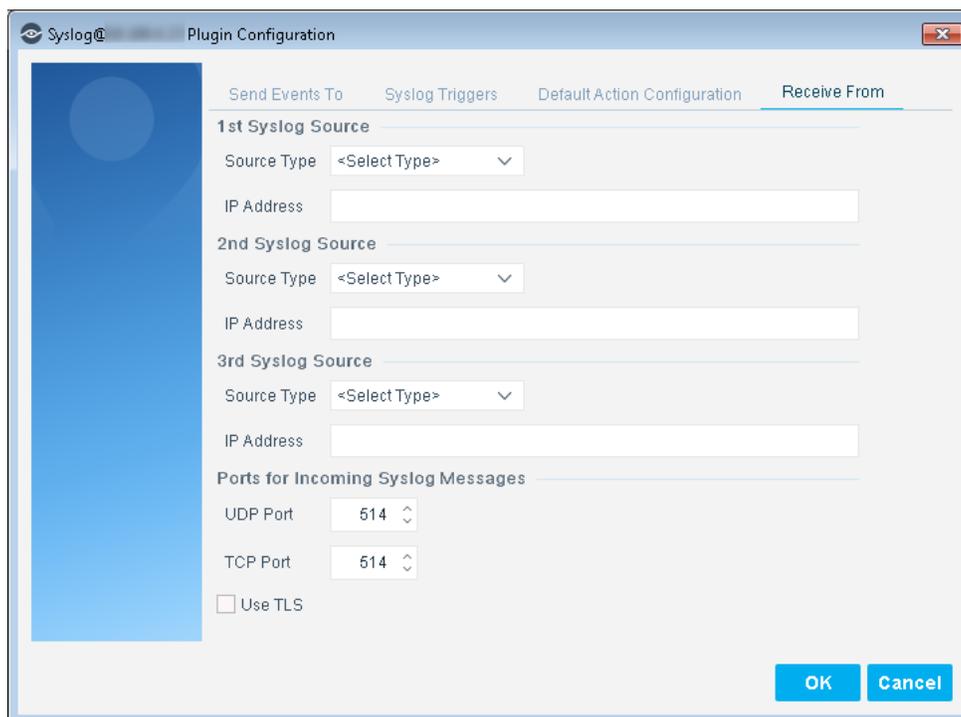
See the *CounterACT Syslog Plugin Configuration Guide* for more information about the Syslog Module configuration.

To configure the Syslog Module:

1. In the CounterACT Console, select **Options** from the **Tools** menu. The Options dialog box opens.
2. Navigate to and select the **Modules** folder.
3. In the **Modules** pane, select **Syslog**, and select **Configure**. The Select Appliances dialog box opens.



4. Select the CounterACT device you defined as a Syslog server in the [Configure FireEye NX](#) section, and then select **OK**. The Syslog Plugin Configuration window opens.
5. Select the *Receive from* tab.



6. In the 1st Syslog Source section, set the Source Type field to **NTSyslog security log**, and enter the IP address of the FireEye NX server.
7. Set the TCP Port to **514**.
8. Select **OK** to save the configuration.

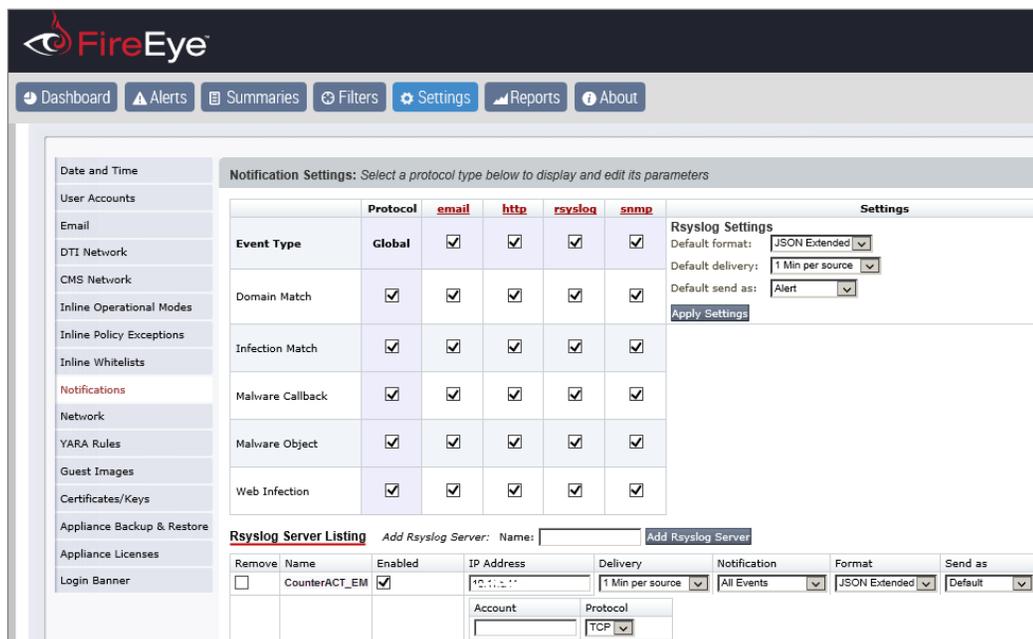
Configure FireEye NX

For each FireEye NX server, designate which CounterACT device will receive the FireEye NX rsyslog notifications. In the FireEye Web UI, define the receiving CounterACT device as an rsyslog server that can receive FireEye rsyslog notifications, and configure the notification settings. Refer to the *NX Series Threat Management Guide* for more information about configuring event notifications.

 *If your FireEye NX environment was configured for an earlier version of the CounterACT FireEye Module, ensure that the settings match those described in this section.*

To define a receiving CounterACT device as an rsyslog server:

1. In the FireEye NX Web UI, select the **Settings** tab.
2. On the side bar, select **Notifications**.
3. Select the **rsyslog** column heading. The **Rsyslog Server Listing** options are displayed at the bottom.



The screenshot shows the FireEye Web UI interface. The top navigation bar includes Dashboard, Alerts, Summaries, Filters, Settings, Reports, and About. The left sidebar lists various configuration categories, with Notifications selected. The main content area is titled "Notification Settings: Select a protocol type below to display and edit its parameters". It features a table with columns for Event Type, Protocol, email, http, rsyslog, and snmp. The rsyslog column is highlighted. Below the table is the "Rsyslog Server Listing" section, which includes a form to add a new server and a table of existing servers. The table has columns for Remove, Name, Enabled, IP Address, Delivery, Notification, Format, and Send as. A single server named "CounterACT_EM" is listed with the IP address "10.1.1.1" and a delivery frequency of "1 Min per source".

Event Type	Protocol	email	http	rsyslog	snmp
Domain Match	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Infection Match	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Malware Callback	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Malware Object	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Web Infection	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				

Remove	Name	Enabled	IP Address	Delivery	Notification	Format	Send as
<input type="checkbox"/>	CounterACT_EM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.1.1.1	1 Min per source	All Events	JSON Extended	Default

4. In the **Name** box, enter a name for the new rsyslog server, and select **Add Rsyslog Server**. The server is added.
5. Select the **Enabled** checkbox for the new rsyslog server. You can select the **Enable All** checkbox to enable all listed servers to receive rsyslog notifications.
6. In the **IP Address** box of the new rsyslog server, enter the IP address of the receiving CounterACT device.
7. In the **Delivery** dropdown list, select the delivery frequency.

8. In the **Notification** dropdown list, select the event type or **All Events** to send rsyslog notifications to CounterACT when the specified events are detected.
9. In the **Format** dropdown list, select **JSON Extended**.
10. In the **Send as** dropdown list, select the severity classification for the rsyslog notification.
11. Leave the **Account** box blank. This option will be deprecated.
12. In the **Protocol** dropdown list, select **TCP**.
13. Select **Update** to save the new rsyslog server definition.

Run the FireEye NX Policy Template

This module provides the following policy template which you can use to manage and restrict threats in a FireEye NX environment.

- [FireEye NX Threat Detection Policy Template](#)

 *It is recommended that you have a basic understanding of CounterACT policies before working with the templates. See the CounterACT Templates and Policy Management chapters of the CounterACT Administration Guide.*

FireEye NX Threat Detection Policy Template

Use this policy to identify the severity of each discovered threat reported by FireEye NX.

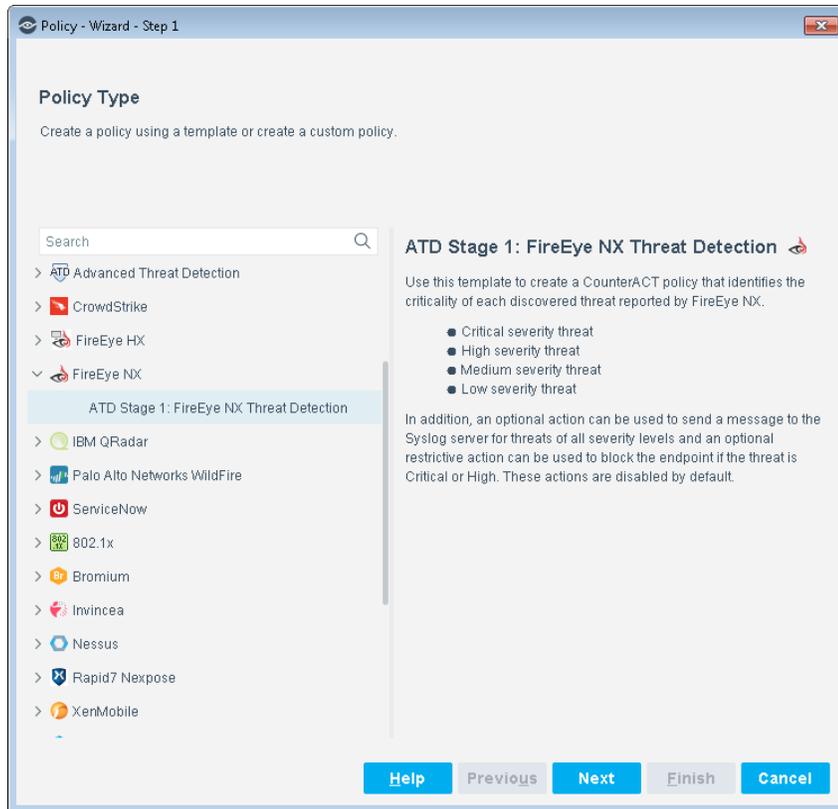
In addition, an optional action can be used to send a message to the Syslog server for threats of all severity levels and an optional restrictive action can be used to block the endpoint if the threat is Critical or High (indicating that the threat has a high probability of infection on the endpoint). These actions are disabled by default.

Run the Template

This section describes how to create a policy from the policy template.

To run the template:

1. Log in to the CounterACT Console and select the **Policy** tab.
2. Select **Add** from the Policy Manager. The Policy Wizard opens.
3. Expand the **FireEye NX** folder and select **ATD Stage 1: FireEye NX Threat Detection**. The FireEye NX Threat Detection pane opens.

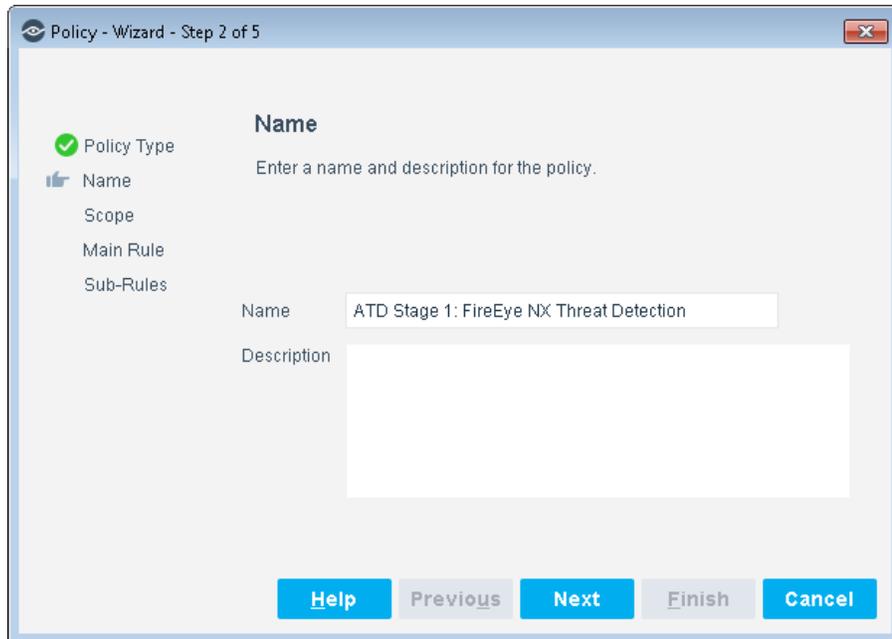


4. Select **Next**. The **Name** pane opens.

Name the Policy

The Name pane lets you define a unique policy name and useful policy description. Policy names appear in the Policy Manager, the Views pane, NAC Reports and in other features. Precise names make working with policies and reports more efficient.

1. Define a unique name for the policy you are creating based on this template, and enter a description.

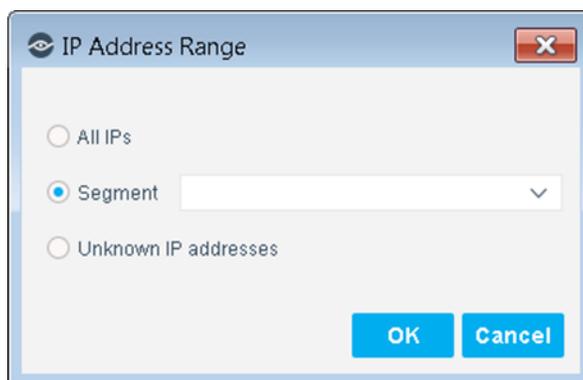


Naming Tips

- Make sure names are accurate and clearly reflect what the policy does. For example, do not use a generic name such as My_Compliance_Policy.
 - Use a descriptive name that indicates what your policy is verifying and which actions will be taken.
 - Ensure that the name indicates whether the policy criteria must be met or not met.
 - Avoid having another policy with a similar name.
2. Select **Next**. The Scope pane and IP Address Range dialog box opens.

Define Which Hosts Will Be Inspected - Policy Scope

3. Use The IP Address Range dialog box to define which endpoints are inspected.



The following options are available:

- **All IPs**: Include all IP addresses in the Internal Network.

- **Segment:** Select a previously defined segment of the network. To specify multiple segments, select **OK** or **Cancel** to close this dialog box, and select **Segments** from the Scope page.
 - **Unknown IP addresses:** Apply the policy to endpoints whose IP addresses are not known. Endpoint detection is based on the endpoint MAC address.
Not applicable for this policy template.
-  *Filter the range by including only certain CounterACT groups and/or by excluding certain endpoints or users or groups when using this policy.*

4. Select **OK**. The added range appears in the Scope pane.
5. Select **Next**. The Main Rule pane opens.

Main Rule

The main rule of this policy identifies threats detected by FireEye NX scans.

6. Select **Next** to add sub-rules to the policy, or select **Finish** to create the policy.

Sub-Rules

Hosts that match the Main Rule are included in the policy inspection. *Hosts that do not match this rule are not inspected for this policy.*

Sub-rules allow you to automatically follow up with hosts after initial detection and handling. Creating sub-rules lets you streamline separate detection and actions into one automated sequence.

Sub-rules are performed in order until a match is found. The sub-rule of this policy detects the severity of each threat. An optional action can be used to send a message to the Syslog server for threats of all severity levels and an optional restrictive action can be used to block the endpoint if the threat is Critical or High (indicating that the threat has a high probability of infection on the endpoint). These actions are disabled by default.

Sub-Rules

Use this screen to review policy sub-rule definitions.
Hosts are inspected by each sub-rule in the order shown. When a match is found, the action defined is applied. If no match is found, the host is inspected against the next sub-rule.

Sub-Rules

	Name	Conditions	Actio...	
1	FireEye NX Threat Detections - Critical	FireEye NX Threat Det...	 	Add
2	FireEye NX Threat Detections - High	FireEye NX Threat Det...	 	Edit
3	FireEye NX Threat Detections - Medium	FireEye NX Threat Det...		Remove
4	FireEye NX Threat Detections - Low	FireEye NX Threat Det...		Duplicate
				Up
				Down

Help Previous Next Finish Cancel

7. Select **Finish** to create the policy.
8. On the CounterACT Console, select **Apply** to save the policy.

Create Custom FireEye NX Policies

CounterACT policies are powerful tools used for automated endpoint access control and management. You may need to create a custom policy to deal with issues not covered in the FireEye NX policy template.

Policies and Rules, Conditions and Actions

CounterACT policies contain a series of rules. Each rule includes:

- Conditions based on host property values. CounterACT detects endpoints with property values that match the conditions of the rule. Several conditions based on different properties can be combined using Boolean logic.
- Actions can be applied to endpoints that match the conditions of the rule.

In addition to the bundled CounterACT properties and actions available for detecting and handling endpoints, you can work with FireEye NX related properties to create the custom policies. These items are available when you install the module.

In addition to the bundled CounterACT properties and actions available for detecting and handling endpoints, you can use the *Scan and Remediate Known IOCs* action and *Advanced Threat Detection* properties to create custom policies that:

- Scan potentially compromised Windows endpoints for IOCs reported by the FireEye NX Module.
- Remediate infected endpoints.

These items are available when you install the IOC Scanner Module.

To create a custom policy:

1. In the CounterACT Console, select the **Policy** tab. The Policy Manager opens.
2. Select **Add** to create a policy, or select **Help** for more information about working with policies.

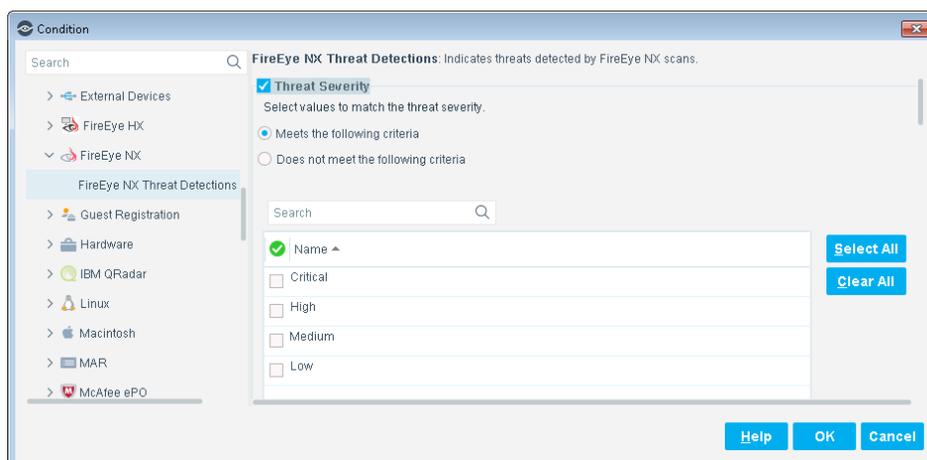
FireEye NX – Policy Properties

This section describes the property that is available when you install the FireEye NX Module.

- [FireEye NX Threat Detections](#)

FireEye NX Threat Detections

Use the *FireEye NX Threat Detections* property in CounterACT policies to detect threats reported by FireEye NX. For example, create a policy that detects if FireEye NX has detected a Critical severity threat, and trigger remediation when an endpoint meets this condition.



To access FireEye NX properties:

1. Navigate to the Properties tree from the Policy Conditions dialog box.

2. Expand the FireEye NX folder in the Properties tree, and select **FireEye NX Threat Detections**. The following information is available:
 - Threat Severity
 - FireEye Event Type. See [Best Practices for Working with FireEye NX Event Notifications](#) for more information.
 - Threat Name
 - Threat File Name
 - Threat File Hash
 - Threat Hash Type
 - Syslog Message (rsyslog notification)

Display Asset Inventory Data

Use the CounterACT Asset Inventory to view a real-time display of threats detected by FireEye NX.

The Asset Inventory lets you:

- Broaden your view of the organizational network from device-specific to activity-specific.
- View endpoints that have been detected with specific threats. For example, identify multiple endpoints detected with the same threat and analyze any shared endpoint characteristics that may be useful for determining how to handle the endpoints.
- Incorporate inventory detections into policies.

To access the Asset Inventory:

1. Select the **Asset Inventory** icon from the Console toolbar.
2. Navigate to **FireEye NX Threat Detections**.

The following information, based on the FireEye NX Threat Detections property, is available:

- FireEye Event Type
- Threat Name
- Threat File Name
- Threat File Hash
- Threat Hash Type
- Threat Severity
- Last Update

Refer to *Working in the Console > Working with Inventory Detections* in the *CounterACT Administration Guide* or the Console Online Help for information about working with the CounterACT Asset Inventory.

Best Practices for Working with FireEye NX Event Notifications

Event notifications inform you when specific events occur, alerting you of potential threats so that you can protect the security of your network.

This section describes best practices that help you:

- Analyze the threat severity of FireEye NX event notifications received by CounterACT.
- Decide how to respond to these notifications using CounterACT policies.

There are five event notification categories, listed according to the typical threat severity associated with the event:

- [Malware Callback](#)
 - Critical Severity
- [Web Infection and Malware Object](#)
 - High Severity
- [Domain Match and Infection Match](#)
 - Low and Medium Severity

These notifications are detected by CounterACT as *FireEye Event Type* criteria via the [FireEye NX Threat Detections](#) property.

The [FireEye NX Threat Detection Policy Template](#) provided by the module searches for Malware Callback event types since these have the highest probability of infection. You can create custom FireEye NX policies that search for other event types. See [Create Custom FireEye NX Policies](#).

Malware Callback

A *malware callback* notification on an endpoint indicates that there is an established connection between the infected endpoint and a command and control (CnC) server. This event is typically categorized by CounterACT with a threat severity of Critical.

If you identify one or more malware callback notification on an endpoint that also received a web infection notification (see [Web Infection and Malware Object](#)), there is a very high probability that the endpoint is infected.

At this point, FireEye recommends immediately patching or otherwise remediating the infected system, as well as preventing the CnC server from communicating with all endpoints in your network.

Respond Using CounterACT Policies

- Create a policy to automatically trigger restrictive actions (Switch Block, Assign to VLAN or Virtual Firewall) on the potentially infected endpoint.
- If you have other ForeScout Modules installed in your environment, various orchestration actions may be available to trigger vulnerability scanning or patch management.

- In addition, the IOC Scanner Module allows you to monitor communications to the CnC server across all endpoints in your network. Refer to the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide* for more information.

Web Infection and Malware Object

A *web infection* notification on an endpoint indicates that a web browser initiated an outbound connection to a website that was ultimately determined to be malicious. These attacks usually penetrate the firewall and other perimeter security devices.

A *malware object* notification indicates the presence of a file attachment with a malicious executable payload. Both of these events are typically categorized as High severity threats.

FireEye recommends confirming the infection by scanning the endpoint to verify that the IOC found matches that of the endpoint. Viewing the IOC details associated with a web infection or malware object event shows registry changes, file system changes, and processes that have been started as a result of the infection. If suspicious changes in the FireEye analysis match changes on the actual endpoint, then the infection can be confirmed.

Respond Using CounterACT Policies

- Create a custom policy that scans the potentially infected endpoint (*Scan and Remediate Known IOCs* action) when such a notification is received (*IOCs Detected by CounterACT* condition). Refer to the *CounterACT IOC Scanner Plugin Configuration Guide* for more information.
- In addition, you can create a policy to automatically trigger restrictive actions (Switch Block, Assign to VLAN or Virtual Firewall) on the potentially infected endpoint when such a notification is received.

Domain Match and Infection Match

A *domain match* notification indicates that the website domain has been identified as the source of malicious behavior. An *infection match* notification refers to the process of identifying a URL pointing to the initial web infection. Both of these events are typically categorized as Low or Medium severity threats.

Respond Using CounterACT Policies

- When these types of notifications are received on their own, they likely do not represent an infection. It is recommended to avoid running policies that automatically trigger restrictive actions.
- When these types of notifications are received alongside other, higher risk notifications listed above, follow the best practices listed for each notification type.

Additional CounterACT Documentation

For information about other CounterACT features and modules, refer to the following resources:

- [Documentation Downloads](#)
- [Documentation Portal](#)
- [CounterACT Help Tools](#)

Documentation Downloads

Documentation downloads can be accessed from one of two ForeScout portals, depending on which licensing mode your deployment is using.

- **Per-Appliance Licensing Mode** - [Product Updates Portal](#)
- **Centralized Licensing Mode** - [Customer Portal](#)

 Software downloads are also available from these portals.

To learn which licensing mode your deployment is using, see [Identifying Your Licensing Mode in the Console](#).

Product Updates Portal

The Product Updates Portal provides links to CounterACT version releases, Base and Content Modules, and Extended Modules, as well as related documentation. The portal also provides a variety of additional documentation.

To access the Product Updates Portal:

1. Go to <https://updates.forescout.com/support/index.php?url=counteract>.
2. Select the CounterACT version you want to discover.

Customer Portal

The Downloads page on the ForeScout Customer Portal provides links to purchased CounterACT version releases, Base and Content Modules, and Extended Modules, as well as related documentation. Software and related documentation will only appear on the Downloads page if you have a license entitlement for the software. The Documentation page on the portal provides a variety of additional documentation.

To access documentation on the ForeScout Customer Portal:

1. Go to <https://forescout.force.com/support/>.
2. Select **Downloads** or **Documentation**.

Documentation Portal

The ForeScout Documentation Portal is a searchable, web-based library containing information about CounterACT tools, features, functionality and integrations.

 If your deployment is using Centralized Licensing Mode, you may not have credentials to access this portal.

To access the Documentation Portal:

1. Go to www.forescout.com/docportal.
2. Use your customer support credentials to log in.
3. Select the CounterACT version you want to discover.

CounterACT Help Tools

Access information directly from the CounterACT Console.

Console Help Buttons

Use context sensitive *Help* buttons to quickly access information about the tasks and topics you are working with.

CounterACT Administration Guide

Select **CounterACT Help** from the **Help** menu.

Plugin Help Files

1. After the plugin is installed, select **Options** from the **Tools** menu and then select **Modules**.
2. Select the plugin and then select **Help**.

Documentation Portal

Select **Documentation Portal** from the **Help** menu.

Identifying Your Licensing Mode in the Console

If your Enterprise Manager has a *ForeScout CounterACT See* license listed in the Console, your deployment is operating in Centralized Licensing Mode. If not, your deployment is operating in Per-Appliance Licensing Mode.

Select **Options** > **Licenses** to see whether you have a *ForeScout CounterACT See* license listed in the table.



Name	Status	Type
ForeScout CounterACT See	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual
ForeScout CounterACT Control	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual
ForeScout CounterACT Resiliency	Valid	Perpetual
ForeScout Extended Module for Check Point Next...	Valid, Capacity exceeded	Perpetual

Contact your ForeScout representative if you have any questions about identifying your licensing mode.

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